

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA

(An Autonomous Institute)

Affiliated to Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam Technical University, Uttar Pradesh, Lucknow

MCA

SEM: I - THEORY EXAMINATION (2021 - 2022)

Subject: Operating System

Time: 03:00 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

General Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory. It comprises of three Sections A, B and C.
 - Section A - Question No- 1 is objective type question carrying 1 mark each & Question No- 2 is very short type questions carrying 2 marks each.
 - Section B - Question No- 3 is Long answer type - I questions carrying 6 marks each.
 - Section C - Question No- 4 to 8 are Long answer type - II questions carrying 10 marks each.
 - No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a Blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

SECTION A

20

1. Attempt all parts:-

- 1-a. To access the services of operating system, the interface is provided by the _____ 1
(CO1)
1. System calls
 2. API
 3. Library
 4. Assembly instructions
- 1-b. Which one of the following is not a real time operating system? (CO1) 1
1. VxWorks
 2. QNX
 3. RTLinux
 4. Palm OS
- 1-c. The address of the next instruction to be executed by the current process is provided by the: 1
(CO2)
1. CPU registers
 2. program counter
 3. process stack
 4. pipe
- 1-d. In addressing, a many to one relationship is useful for (CO2) 1
1. Client Interaction
 2. Client/Server Interaction
 3. Server Interaction
 4. None
- 1-e. What is a reusable resource? (CO3) 1
1. that can be used by one process at a time and is not depleted by that use
 2. that can be used by more than one process at a time
 3. that can be shared between various threads
 4. none of the mentioned

- 1-f. The circular wait condition can be prevented by _____. (CO3) 1
1. defining a linear ordering of resource types
 2. using thread
 3. using pipes
 4. all of the mentioned
- 1-g. A memory buffer used to accommodate a speed differential is called _____. (CO4) 1
1. stack pointer
 2. cache
 3. accumulator
 4. disk buffer
- 1-h. Swapping requires a _____. (CO4) 1
1. motherboard
 2. keyboard
 3. monitor
 4. backing store
- 1-i. A module controls the exchange of data between main memory and an I/O module. (CO5) 1
1. Programmed I/O
 2. Interrupt driven I/O
 3. Direct Memory Access
 4. Virtual Memory Access
- 1-j. layer deals with the logical structure of files and with the operations that can be specified by users such as open, close, read and write. (CO5) 1
1. Physical organization
 2. File system
 3. Directory management
 4. Scheduling and control

2. Attempt all parts:-

- 2.a. What is monolithic kernel? Write 2 characteristics. (CO1) 2
- 2.b. What is sleeping barber problem? Explain. (CO2) 2
- 2.c. What is the difference between a preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling algorithms? (CO3) 2
- 2.d. Explain drawbacks of demand paging. (CO4) 2
- 2.e. Define Seek Time and Latency Time. (CO5) 2

SECTION B

30

3. Answer any five of the following:-

- 3-a. What is an operating system? Explain with its characteristics. (CO1) 6
- 3-b. Define essential properties of the Real time operating system. (CO1) 6
- 3-c. Explain solution to producer-consumer problem. (CO2) 6
- 3-d. What do you mean by binary semaphore and counting semaphore? (CO2) 6
- 3.e. Explain the concept of 'process'. also describe the contents of a process control block(PCB). (CO3) 6
- 3.f. Explain the best fit, first fit and worst fit and its advantages and disadvantages. (CO4) 6
- 3.g. Explain drawbacks of Linux operating system. (CO5) 6

SECTION C

50

4. Answer any one of the following:-

- 4-a. What is a layered architecture of Operating system? Explain with figure. (CO1) 10
- 4-b. Write any 5 differences between multithreaded and multitasking operating system? (CO1) 10
5. Answer any one of the following:-
- 5-a. What are client server systems & Peer-to-Peer systems? (CO2) 10
- 5-b. Explain the layered approach of the operating system? (CO2) 10
6. Answer any one of the following:-
- 6-a. Consider the following set of four processes, with the length of CPU burst time given in milliseconds. (CO3) 10

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time
P1	0	7
P2	2	4
P3	4	1
P4	5	4

Draw Gantt chart and find average waiting time and response time using

- FCFS
- Round Robin (quantum=2)
- SJF and SRTF

- 6-b. Explain the concept of 'process'. also describe the contents of a process control block(PCB) . (CO3) 10
7. Answer any one of the following:-
- 7-a. What is paging and swapping? (CO4) 10
- 7-b. Define external fragmentation. What are the causes for external fragmentation? (CO4) 10
8. Answer any one of the following:-
- 8-a. What is protection? Explain principles and goals of protection. (CO5) 10
- 8-b. What are the File system implementation issues? (CO5) 10